# REST HUB Sleep Ready



# Sleep Hygiene: Tips for a good night's sleep



#### PRIORITISE NIGHTTIME SLEEP

Sleep quality is highest when the majority of sleep is obtained at night. Where needed, supplement nighttime sleep with daytime naps.

### STRATEGICALLY NAP

Naps can be used to 'top-up' nighttime sleep. Naps should be 20-90 minutes long, ideally occur between 1-4 pm, and finish  $\geq 60$  minutes before exercise.

#### **HAVE A ROUTINE**

To help prepare the body for sleep, aim to go to bed and wake up at a similar time each day [±30 minutes].

#### **OPTIMISE YOUR BEDROOM**

Aim for a dark, quiet, cool [18-21 °C], and comfortable room.

## WIND DOWN

Find it hard to switch off? Trial relaxation techniques and dedicate time each day to relax and unwind.



#### MINIMISE ARTIFICIAL LIGHT

During night hours, avoid, dim, or use warm rather than bright lighting. Avoid excessive device use before bed.

#### **AVOID INAPPROPRIATE NAPPING**

Avoid napping too late in the day or for too long. Daytime naps should not interfere with either falling asleep or staying asleep at nighttime.

#### MANAGE STRESS

Use a to-do list to assist with organisation, winding down, and reducing overthinking when trying to sleep.

#### FOOD & FLUID

Avoid caffeine later in the day and avoid large volumes of food and fluid before bedtime.

#### **BE TRAVEL READY**

Long-haul travel can disrupt sleep. If crossing  $\geq 3$  time zones, use a jet lag adaptation plan to reduce time spent jet lagged.



#### WHAT IS GOOD SLEEP?

Indicators of 'good' sleep include:

- > Falling asleep within 10-30 minutes.
- Sleeping through the night with brief awakenings and falling back to sleep quickly.
- > Feeling refreshed within ~1 hour of waking, most days of the week.



# **RESTLESS?**

- Difficulty getting to sleep or waking during the night can be common.
- > Generally, this is not cause for concern.
- Use a relaxation strategy and wait for the next wave of sleepiness to arrive.



#### **DIFFICULTY FALLING A SLEEP?**

If lying in bed is:

- > **Relaxing:** continue to do so. Being in a restful state can help inititiate sleep.
- Not relaxing: briefly perform a quiet activity out of bed in low lighting, before returning to bed to attempt sleep.

Experiencing ongoing sleep challenges? Consult a relevant practitioner.